Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL VIII. WEDNESDAY, JULY 27, 1808. No. 2235.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
at the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.
A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation in prices.

P. G. Marsteller, V. M.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership of Catlett and Fisk, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Chs. I. Catlett,
Martin Fisk.

The business in future will be transacted by

CHS. I. CATLETT

April 1. d

JUST RECEIVED,
And for sale by ROBERT GRAY,
A few copies Brown's Dictionary of the BIBLE, 2 vols. octavo, ornamented with Plates. Price 7 dollars, bound and lettered.
July 27.

CLARET, &c.

10 Cases Fine Old Medoc Claret,
London Particular Madeira,
Marsala or Sicily do.
A few Bags Best Soft Shelled Almonds.
Spanish Segars, 1st and 2d quality,
FOR SALE BY
Joseph Mandeville,
Corner of King and Fairfax Streets.
June 27.

Irish Linens.

A small invoice of yard wide and 7-8 Irish Linens, just received and for sale by
John G. Ladd.
May 31.

Wanted Immediately,

A quantity of good clean FLAXSEED, for cash, by
Daniel Macleod, Painter,
Bottom of King-street.
June 15.

JUST RECEIVED

FOR SALE BY
R. GRAY,
Esparelles' Letters from England
Little's and Moore's Poems
Lady's Cabinet
Salmagundi, 2 vols. bound
Military and Political Hints
And the following New Plays;
Adrian and Orilla
Town and Country
The Trust
He Wou'd if He Cou'd
Time's a Telltale.

Just Received and For Sale

By R. GRAY, King-street,
SECRET HISTORY;
OR,
The Horrors of St, Domingo.
In a series of letters written by a lady at Cape Francois to Colonel BURR, late Vice-President of the United States.—Price $1.

MODERN CHIVALRY,
Containing the adventures of a Captain and Teague O'Regan, his servant, by H.H. Brackenridge, 2 vol, 12. mo.—Price $2 50 cents.

A New System of Domestic Cookery,
Formed upon priciples of economy and adapted to the use of private families.—Price 37½ cents.

The American Artillerists Companion
OR
ELEMENTS OF ARTILLERY,
BY LOUIS De TOUSARD,
Late Lieut. col. commandant of the 2d and inspector of artillary of the U. S.
No 1st and 2d of the above work
FOR SALE BY
R. GRAY.

WILL BE PUBLISHED
IN A PAMPHLET AT THIS OFFICE IN A SHORT TIME,
AN ADDRESS
TO THE
PEOPLE OF THE U. STATES,
ON THE IMPORTANCE OF ENCOURAGING
AGRICULTURE & DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES:
Tending to shew that by a due encouragement of these essential interests, the nation will be rendered more respectable abroad and more prosperous at home.
TOGETHER WITH AN ACCOUNT OF
The Improvements in Sheep at Arlington,
The native Sheep of Smith's Island, and the plans proposed of extending this valuable race of animals, for the benefit of the country at large:

By GEORGE W. P. CUSTIS Esq.
Of Arlington House, in the District of Columbia.

AT a time when the energies of the nation seem awakened to the state of our foreign and domestic concerns, we conceive that the important interests of Agriculture and Manufactures should meet with a considerable share of the public discussion. Certain it is, that at no period of our political history could these national subjects excite more interest or be more properly urged to the notice of the public mind. The unsettled and impending appearance of our foreign affairs, and the present disturbed state of the European world, renders it doubly necessary for the citizens of America to cherish and promote their domestic policy, whereby they may derive those resources which are now obtained from abroad and create wealth and industry within themselves. Too long have these important and patriotic interests been neglected. The nation now feels their want, and we trust will duly provide for their support. Government, hitherto engaged in other concerns, will now cherish those domestic institutions, which will preserve the nation's dignity and promote the people's welfare.

Of the merits of the little work we are about to issue to the public, it is not our province to decide, but of the advantages to be derived from its sale we would beg leave to say every thing which a disinterested exertion in the cause of Domestic Manufacture justly demands—And as the profits of this work, after the expences of publication are paid, will be solely devoted to the purposes of the Arlington Institution, we may hope and confidently expect a liberal patronage from a discerning and patriotic community.

EDITOR.

☞ *Printers in the U. States will please to give this advertisement an insertion in their respective papers, and such as demand it will be paid at the office. Booksellers supplied on liberal terms, and all orders will be punctually attended to.*

Alex. 18th June, 1808.

FOR SALE,

A likely young NEGRO WOMAN, with her first child Terms cash. She will not be sold out of the neighborhood.
Enquire of the Printer.
July 7. tf

MACKARELL.

20 bbls. Spring Mackarell in nice order, and a few casks choice old Port Wine, just received, and for sale, by
John G. Ladd.
July 12.

Public Sale.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from *Alexander Smith* to the subscribers, to secure the payment of a sum of money to the bank of Alexandria, will be exposed to sale, on the premises, on Wednesday the 17th day of August next, a piece of ground with the houses and improvements appertaining thereto, lying on the south side of Duke street and west side of Water street, being at the intersection of the streets, extending on Duke street forty feet, on Water street ninety one feet six inches to a ten feet alley—upon a credit of 6, 12, and 18 months, the purchaser giving notes for the several payments negociable at the bank of Alexandria, with an approved indorser, and a deed of trust upon the property to secure the payment of the notes.

James Keith, *sen.*
James Keith, *jun.*
July 21. dts

PROPOSALS
FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION
A NEW WORK
ENTITLED,
THE MANUAL
OF THE
FRENCH AND ENGLISH STUDENT
OR A
NEW AND COMPLETE
DICTIONARY
OF
THE FRENCH AND ENGLISH LANGUAGES.
IN TWO PARTS:
1. *French & English*—2. *English & French*
CONTAINING,
1. All the words in general use, occasionally illustrated by French and English sentences.
2. An extensive collection of new words in every art, science and trade.
3. The pronunciation of every word, according to the most polite usage in France and England.
4. A copious vocabulary of sea terms and phrases.
5. A dictionary of French synonymes.
6. A dictionary of French homonymes.
7. An alphabetical list of the most familiar proper and christian names, and of the most remarkable places in the world.
8. The difficulties of the French language alphabetically arranged.
9. A complete treatise on French poetry.
10. The chief English idioms.
11. A treatise on the English particles, &c.

The whole carefully compiled from the best writers, and particularly from the Dictionaries of the French Academy, Boiste, Ferand, Caneau, Wailly, Tocquot, Nugent, Chambaud, Boyer, Johnson, Walker, &c.

By N. G. DUFIEF,
Author of Nature Displayed in her mode of teaching language to man, applied to the French language, &c.

The first book of a nation is the dictionary of their own language.
VOLNEY.

I. It shall be printed on fine paper, in two handsome large 12mo volumes, upon a beautiful type, called nonpareil, cast for the purpose, by Messrs. Binney and Ronaldson. This type, although small, is, by its neatness and elegance, extremely grateful to the eyes. The work will issue from the press of T. and G. Palmer, who have already been so eminently distinguished by the greatest accuracy and taste in their profession, and a thorough knowledge of the French and English languages.
II. Price, to subscribers, for the two volumes in boards, neatly lettered, five dollars, to be paid on the delivery of the whole work. By gentlemen, however, wishing to have the first volume before the second, it may be received upon paying the full amount of the subscription for both volumes.

☞ Subscriptions received by R. GRAY.
May 28.

Potomac Company.

THE Stockholders in the Potomac Company are hereby notified, that an annual meeting of the said Company will be held, according to law, at *Gadsby's* tavern, in Alexandria, on MONDAY, the first day of August next, when the proceedings of the Board of Directors, with a sketch of the Treasurer's receipts and disbursements since the last general meeting, will be submitted to their consideration.

By order of the Board,
Joseph Carleton,
TREASURER.
George-Town, July 6. dtlstAug

WITHERS & SANGSTER,

Inform their friends, that they have just received from New-York and Philadelphia,
A SUPPLY OF
Fancy & Summer Goods,
Which, with their former stock, renders their assortment complete.
They request those who have made memorandums, to call and settle them, as they are determined to sell for cash only.
July 14. d

LENT OR LOST,

The first volume of Chesterfield's Letters;
WHOEVER has borrowed or found it will please to return or call and pay for the same.
ROBERT GRAY.

Turnep Seed for Sale.

The subscriber has fresh Turnep Seed of the following kind:—The Red Top, White Norfolk, Aniove and round rooted Winter Turneps, the latter sort very well adapted for feeding cattle and the seed proper to sow at this season—Spinage, Cresses, Radish, kail Lettice, and a general assortment of Garden Seed.

ALSO,
Bulbous Roots, Hyacinth, assorted, Tulip do. Narcissus do. Double Jonquel, Persian Iris, &c.

Peter Billy,
Lower end of Pitt-street.
July 26. 3t

Tavern Lease for Sale.

THE subscriber being about to remove to the Indian Queen Tavern, in Baltimore, offers for sale, on advantageous terms, the lease of the House he now occupies, having eight years, from the first of December next, to run; which for convenience, it is believed, is excelled by none in the United States; and from the proximity to the seat of government, and the direct communication which will be opened between the city and Alexandria by the bridge across the Potomac and the Turnpike Road, bids fair to become one of the best stands for business in the country, as the distance to the Capitol over the bridge will be only about 7 miles. With the Lease will be sold, if wanted, the *whole* of the FURNITURE, as it now stands, together with a large stock of WINES & LIQUORS, There is a vacant Lot on the corner of Cameron and Pitt-streets, adjoining the stables, attached to the House, (which renders it particularly commodious, as by that means the property fronts on three streets) which will be sold in fee simple, or leased for the remainder of the time.

A handsome LOT of GROUND, in the centre of the square between King and Cameron streets, and fronting on Washington and Columbus streets, 107 feet with a public alley on one side, and an open space that cannot be built on on the other. For a public situation it is unequalled by any property in Alexandria.

ALSO,
A LOT OF GROUND, at the west end, about half a mile from town and fronting on the Little River Turnpike Road, 85 feet, running back 250 feet, more or less. There are improvements on the property adjoining it, on each side.

A handsome LOT OF GROUND, on the George Town road, about half a mile from town, in a very beautiful situation, containing two acres.

A handsome SQUARE OF GROUND, on Washington and Columbus streets, within one quarter of a mile of town, well enclosed with a post and rail fence, containing something less than two acres.

A half acre LOT on the commons, about the same distance as the last mentioned.

ALSO,
My interest in the lease of a FARM, containing between one and two hundred acres, adjoining the town of Alexandria, in a high state of cultivation, and enclosed with a new post and rail fence, (in one of the enclosures is the Alexandria Jockey Club Race Course) with a large crop of OATS and HAY, which will be sold in the stack or otherwise;—— two waggons, four carts, eight ploughs, two double barrows, a large and elegant roller, all of the best construction, six good farm horses, and every other article that can be wanted for a well managed farm, together with 12 choice milch COWS, a fine buffaloe BULL, forty head of SHEEP, about fifty head of HOGS of the very best breed that could be procured. Also some very VALUABLE SLAVES, if they should be wanted for the farm.

ALSO,
The two lines of STAGES between George Town and Alexandria, with a light HACK & four HORSES.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against me are requested to bring them forward for settlement; and all persons indebted are desired to make immediate payment, as no longer indulgence can be given, my intended removal rendering it necessary that a full adjustment of all accounts should take place.

JOHN GADSBY.
July 25. d

Cash for *Salt-Petre.*

I WILL GIVE the best Baltimore, Philadelphia or New-York market price, in cash, for single refined pure country Salt Petre.

A. C. Cazenove.
July 26, eo12t

Alexandria Daily Gazette,

COMMERCIAL *AND* POLITICAL.

NEW-YORK, July 23.

REVOLUTION IN SPAIN.

Since publishing the brief notice of this important event, which we gave yesterday morning in a postscript to the *Mercantile Advertiser*, we have received a Supplement to the Trinidad Gazette, containing the following, official details, which we lay before our readers to the exclusion of almost every other article of intelligence.

PORT SPAIN, 27*th June*.

We hasten to perform the promise inserted in our ordinary of Saturday last, by laying before our readers the most extraordinary intelligence that has ever been produced by political events, to astonish the universe.

One of the first empires on the globe, extending over both hemispheres, its dominions, on which the sun never sets—this colossal power, this transcendant throne and its immense treasures, all is abandoned! all is resigned by the monarch—and to whom! to a foreigner! to a foreigner who has deceived him—subjugated him—disgraced him, and whom he does not blush to call his friend, his loyal and faithful ally!

Read! mark! learn! O beloved Britons, and let the base partizans of the tyrant now apologize for him, if they can.

MADRID GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY.

Saturday, April 9, 1808.

His excellency Don Sebastian Pinuela has communicated, under yesterday's date, the following royal order to his excellency the president of the council.

Our lord the king has just received credible intelligence of his intimate friend and august ally the emperor of the French, king of Italy, being already at Bayonne, for a purpose the most agreeable, valuable, and flattering to his majesty, namely, that of entering these kingdoms, with views in which his majesty perfectly concurs, and of known utility and advantage to his beloved subjects. And it becoming the most intimate friendship, happily subsisting between the two crowns, and the most high character of his imperial and royal majesty, that his majesty should go to meet and compliment him, and to give him the most sincere, positive and constant proof of his intention and resolution to keep up, renew, and draw closer the good intelligence, intimate friendship, and advantageous alliance which have happily prevailed, and should prevail, between these two monarchs—his majesty has resolved speedily to set out for the purpose of effecting it. And, as this absence is to last but a few days, he expects, from the loyalty and love of his beloved subjects, and particularly of the inhabitants of the capital, who have so repeatedly evinced their being animated by those sentiments, that they will keep quiet, trusty and fully confiding in the notorious zeal, activity and justice of his ministers and tribunals, upon whom his majesty has laid the strictest injunctions to that end, and principally in the newly created board of government, over which his most serene highness the infant Don Antonio is to preside; and that they will maintain, as they are bound to do, the peace and harmony which have hitherto subsisted between them and the troops of his imperial and royal majesty, punctually supplying them with whatever they may want for their necessary subsistence until they proceed to the points where they intend to go, for the advantage of both nations: his majesty giving the most positive assurances, that there is no apprehension whatever of the said tranquility, good intelligence and advantageous alliance being disturbed or altered; instead of which his majesty is fully convinced, that it will grow more and more solid every day.

(Signed)
SEBASTIAN PINUELA.

GIBRALTAR, *April* 23, 1808.

We have been favored with the following translation of a letter from the count of Espeleta, captain general of Catalonia, to his excellency general of division Duheme, commanding in chief the army of observation of the Eastern Pyrenees:

Barcelona, 18th March, 1808.

SIR,

The troops in the citadel, and forts of Monjui, may consider the whole of this city as magazines, and all its provisions as theirs. They have no enemy to fear, nor any thing to expect, except in so far as having a common interest with the town and Spanish inhabitants. Your excellency occupied these fortresses, in the name of the emperor and king, as an ally; and as such, the Spanish government consented to the occupation of them by your troops, with the greatest good faith and confidence. With the same sentiments, it has opened to you and the army under your command, its treasures, its resources, and the bosoms of its families, in order to afford you a hospitable reception, and to share with you the food destined for its own use.

Military laws prescribe the mode of supplying garrisons, when it happens that they are either engaged in hostile operations, or are besieged, or when a scarcity in the country is threatened, which obliges the general commanding to take precautions for the subsistence of his troops, by establishing depots. But, exclusive of these circumstances, this measure only serves to create suspicion and distrust. Neither my conduct, nor the constant moderation of my troops, nor the favorable reception the French army have met with, ought to excite alarm.

The town is provided with supplies of every description, as you will perceive from the annexed statement of the intendant; and, even although there should be some deficiency, your excellency gives us the strongest assurance, that provisions are collecting at the ports of France, which are to be sent to this country, free of duty.

His majesty the emperor and king, whose worthy name has inspired us with confidence, while his troops occupy our forts, being truly informed of our docility and honorable principles, will not be well pleased when he hears, that you alarm this city with terrible forebodings, as a recompense for its constant submissive conduct.

Your excellency will be pleased to request the opinion of his imperial majesty respecting your determination before you carry it into effect, and to accompany your request with this explanation of mine, as I shall lay the business before the king my master, without whose orders I cannot give to your excellency what the forts in possession of the Spanish troops have not.

If, before you receive the resolution of the emperor, your excellency should find grounds for living with precaution, and under the influence of fear, in the forts which at present are to be considered as forming part of the town, then the measure you propose might be resorted to with propriety.—But, in the mean time, when no such necessity exists, I wish to impress on your mind, that it will serve no good purpose to supply the forts with stores of provisions; that such an intention is pointed and offensive; and that it will not be in the power of your excellency, or myself, to remedy the consequence of the sensation which such a measure may excite among the inhabitants.

Your excellency will be pleased, to accept of my most high consideration. May God preserve you many years.

THE COUNT OF ESPELETA.

MADRID GAZETTE, *May* 13, 1808.

Circular Address of the Council of Castile.

MOST FAITHFUL SPANIARDS!

You have, for twenty years together, obeyed, with unexceptionable loyalty, the august monarch of Spain, ever treading in the steps of your forefathers; you have made suitable returns to his paternal love, and shared the just concern which the council expressed to his majesty respecting his abdication, on the day following that on which it took place. If we published his successor's accession to the throne, it was merely to comply with his supreme commands.—We would have long continued submissive and faithful to his majesty, if we had understood, that his abdication and resignation of the crown was not accompanied with the requisite spontaneous freedom.

Ever since Charles IV made it known that his abdication had been forced from him, and that he deemed himself fully entitled to resume the crown, the board of government, the council of Castile, and the whole nation, have been anxiously waiting for the decision of a question of such high importance; and the council have examined with the greatest attention, the documents upon which the powerful umpire who has been appointed for that purpose, has grounded his determination. The most important of these are subjoined here; and in the opinion formed by the council, they have the certainty, that they have not deviated from that which the august party himself would have adopted, if less complicated circumstances had not opposed that concert. It is undoubtedly unfortunate, that the union of the fathers of this people has not yet taken place; but this misfortune will prove less distressing to their beneficent hearts, as the result of the late events holds out flattering hopes for the future, and the nation will shortly be enabled to proceed, with steady steps in the career of her happiness and prosperity.

Those hopes begin to be realized, since the king has appointed, to supply his place in the government of these kingdoms, a prince who, without any other interest than that of Spain, already evinced by his beneficent and unremitted exertions at the head of his army, devotes himself with eagerness and the most suitable means, to whatever is conducive to her glory and felicity.

The board of government which shares all the sentiments of the council, have viewed the crisis of the preceding events in the same light, and considers the determination adopted by the wisdom of the tribunal, and to which it subscribes without restriction, as the fulfilment of the irrevocable decrees of Providence, which never forsakes a religious people, attached to their sovereign and to the laws by which they are governed.

The principal documents quoted, and which the council had taken into consideration at the meeting held on the 6th instant in the presence of their excellencies marquis Caballero, don Feo. Gil and Gonzalo O'Farril, members of the board of government, are the following ones:

PROTEST OF CHARLES IV.

"*Dearest Brother*,

"ON the 19th of last month, I put into the hands of my son a decree of abdication. On the very same day I entered a solemn protest against the decree which had been issued in the midst of wild commotions, and forced from me by the critical circumstances of that period. Now that tranquility is restored; that my protest is in the hands of my august friend and faithful ally the emperor of the French and king of Italy, and it is notorious, that my son could not induce his imperial and royal majesty to acknowledge him in that capacity. I solemnly declare that the deed of abdication, which I subscribed on the 19th of last month is null and void in all its parts; and, therefore, it is my will that you should make it known to all my subjects that their good king who loves them, wishes to dedicate the remainder of his life to unremitted exertions for their happiness. I provisionally confirm in their situations the members of the present board of government, and all the civil and military officers who have been appointed ever since the 19th March last. I intend to go and meet my august ally, the emperor of the French, king of Italy; after which I will send further orders to the board.

I THE KING.

San Lorenzo, April 17, 1808.

To the supreme board of government."

Letter of his majesty the emperor of France to his royal highness the prince of Asturias.

"BROTHER,

"I HAVE received your royal highness' letter. The inspection of your royal father's pspers, must already have convinced you of the affection I ever bore him: under the present circumstances, you will allow me to speak to your highness with frankness and candor. I entertained a hope that, upon my arrival at Madrid, I might persuade my illustrious friend to make some necessary reforms in his dominions, and in some degree to gratify the public opinion. The Prince of Peace's dismission appeared to me requisite for his happiness and that of his people. The events in the north have retarded my journey. In the mean time the occurrences at Aranjuez have taken place. I do not set up for a judge of what has happened, nor of the conduct of the Prince of Peace; but, what I know is, that kings should never enure their subjects to shed blood, in doing themselves justice. I pray to God that your royal highness may never experience it. It would not suit the interests of Spain that a prince who has married a princess of the royal family, and who has so long governed the kingdom should be persecuted. He has no friends left; nor would your royal highness have any, if you should one day be unfortunate. The people gladly seize the opportunities of making themselves amends for the respect they shew us. You cannot try the Prince of Peace; his crimes, if he were charged with any; ought to be burried in the rights of the throne. I have often expressed my wish, that the prince of Peace might be dismissed: if I have not been more urgent, it has been owing to my friendship for king Charles, from whose weak partiality I chose to turn my eyes.—Oh, wretched humanity! imbecility and error; such is our motto! All this, however, may be reconciled; let the Prince of Peace be banished from Spain, and proffer him an assylum in France.

With respect to the abdication of Charles IV. it has taken place at a time when my armies occupied Spain; and Europe and posterity might believe that I have sent so many troops for the sole purpose of driving my friend and ally from the throne.

As a neighboring sovereign, I am bound to enquire into what has taken place, previous to my acknowledging this abdication. I therefore wish to converse with your royal highness upon the subject. The caution with which I have hitherto proceeded in these affairs, ought to convince you of the support you will find in me, if factions, of any description, ever disturb your reign. When king Charles informed me of the events of October last, I was greatly concerned at them, and I flatter myself that I have contributed, by my suggestions, to their happy issue———Your royal highness should dread the consequence of popular commotion; some of my scattered soldiers may be assassinated, but such excesses could only bring ruin upon Spain—Your royal highness knows all the recesses of my heart; you may see that I am agitated by various ideas which want to be fixed. You may be certain that, at all events, I will deal with you as I have done with your royal father: rely upon my wish to reconcile every thing, and to find opportunities to give you proofs of my affection and high regard. And so, I pray God may keep you, brother, under his holy and worthy protection.

(Signed) NAPOLEON.

The royal council has subsequently received, under date of the 7th and 8th, the following royal address, letter, royal decree and order:

ROYAL ADDRESS.

"*Spaniards and beloved subjects*,

"Perfidious men are endeavoring to bring ruin upon you, and would fain supply you with arms, that you might turn them against the French troops, anxious reciprocally to stir you up against them, and them against you. What would be the result of such sinister intentions? No other, without doubt, than the devastation of Spain, and calamities of every description. The factious minds, from which I had so much to hope, are as yet in agitation; and, under circumstances equally important and critical, I am concerting matters with my ally, the emperor of the French, concerning whatever is connected with your happiness. But be sure not to listen to his enemies; they who endeavor to separate you against him, thirst for your blood, and are either the enemies of our union, or the agents of England. If you hearken to them, you will occasion the loss of your colonies, the division of your provinces, and a long series of disturbances and evils to your country.

"*Spaniards*,

"Trust my experience, and submit to the authority which I hold from the Almighty and from my ancestors. Follow my example, and believe that the friendship of the emperor of the French, our ally, can alone save Spain and make her happy.

Bayonne, in the imperial palace of government, May 4, 1808.

I THE KING.

Letters inclosing the royal decree to his imperial and Royal Highness (Murat.)

BROTHER,

My absence and infirmities not allowing me wholly to dedicate myself to the unremitted exertions required for the government of my states, the tranquility of my kingdom, and the preservation of my crown, it has struck me, that I could do nothing better than to appoint a *Locum tenens*, who, invested with the supreme authority which I hold from God and my ancestors, should govern and rule, for me and in my name, over all the provinces of Spain.

In consequence whereof, and having previously consulted the welfare of my people and my wish to rescue the monarchy from the precipice into which the malevolent, and the enemies of the peace of the continent were on the eve of plunging her; duly appreciating, on the other hand, the eminent virtues of which your imperial and royal highness has given us so many proofs, and the great services you have done us; I have resolved, with the consent and approbation of my faithful and great ally the emperor and king, upon appointing your imperial and royal highness my lieutenant general, by the decree which I have just issued to the board of government, and which is here annexed, entreating you, prince, to transmit it to them, and to accept of this appointment which will restore peace to my mind. And so I pray God may keep you, brother, under his holy and worthy protection.

(Signed) CHARLES.

Bayonne, May 4, 1808.

Appointment of the Grand Duke of Berg to the high dignity of lieutenant general of the kingdom.

To the Supreme board of Government.

Having deemed it proper to give the same direction to all the forces of my kingdom, with a view to the security of the property of individuals, and to the maintenance of tranquility against both internal and external foes, I have thought it my duty, in order to attain that object to appoint lieutenant general of the kingdom, our beloved brother the Grand Duke of Berg, who, at the same time, commands the troops of our ally, the emperor of the French.

And therefore, we command our supreme council of Castile, and other councils, chanceries, audiences and justices of the kingdom, the captains general, and governors of our provinces and places, to bear him obedience, execute and enforce the execution of his orders and dispositions, such

ing our will, as likewise that, as lieutenant general of the kingdom, he shall preside over the board of government. Let it be so understood for the due fulfilment of my present supreme determination.

(Signed) I, THE KING.

Bayonne, imperial palace of government, May 4, 1808.

Order accompanying the Royal Decree and Address.

"Most Illustrious Sir—The grand duke of Berg has directed me to transmit to the council, as I hereby do, the annexed royal decree of our lord king Charles IV. issued at Bayonne, in the palace of government, and by which his majesty has been pleased to appoint lieutenant general of the kingdom, his imperial and royal highness the above named grand duke of Berg; that the same may be so understood by the council, and by them carried into execution, and circulated with all possible speed for the corresponding purposes.

His excellency Don Sebastian Pinuella communicated on the 10th of May, to D. Arias Mon, senior member of the council and chamber, the royal order and inclosures, of which the following are copies.

"Most illustrious sir—I send you by his imperial and royal highness the grand duke of Berg, lieutenant general of the kingdom, the annexed decree of Ferdinand VI. addressed to the supreme board of government, and inclosing a letter which he wrote to his august father, resigning the crown in his favor; and the revocation of the powers given to the said board of government, most particularly charging the latter to submit to his said august father.

I likewise inclose you the letter which the same Ferdinand VI. wrote to his imperial and royal majesty the emperor of the French upon the same subject; that the whole may be immediately published, printed and circulated by the council."

"I have, this day, delivered to my father a letter worded thus:—Sire, venerated father and sir, in order to give your majesty a proof of my love, obedience and submission, and to comply with the wishes which your majesty has repeatedly expressed to me, I resign my crown in favor of your majesty, wishing that your majesty may enjoy it for a long series of years. I recommend to your majesty the persons who have served me ever since the 19th of March, fully relying upon the assurances which your majesty has given me on this head. May God, &c. &c. Your majesty's most humble son.

Signed, FERDINAND.

Bayonne, May 7, 1808.

In consequence of this resignation of the crown in favor of my august father I revoke all the powers with which I had invested the board of government, previous to my departure from Madrid, for the dispatch of urgent and important business that might occur during my absence. The board shall obey the orders and commands of our beloved father and sovereign, and shall enforce their execution throughout the kingdom. Before I conclude, I have to return thanks to the members of the board, to the constituted authorities, and to the whole nation, for their services to me: and to charge them most heartily to unite with my beloved father, king Charles, and with the emperor Napoleon, whose power and freindship can more than any thing else, secure to Spain her most valuable blessing, namely, her independence and the integrity of her territory. I charge you not to suffer yourselves to be seduced by the artifices of your eternal enemies; to live together in perfect harmony, and to keep up a good understanding with our allies; and lastly, to avoid the effusion of blood, and the misfortunes which would otherwise result from the present circumstance, if you should allow yourselves to be led away by the spirit of delusion and discord. Let it be so understood by the board, &c. &c.

(Signed) FERDINAND.

Bayonne, May 6, 1808.

"*Sir and Brother*,

"I have the honor of sending to your imperial and royal majesty a copy of the letter which I intend to deliver to my august father, in which abdicate the crown of Spain in favor of his majesty, in compliance with the wish which he, this day, expressed to me in the presence of your imperial and royal majesty.

I entreat your imperial and royal majesty to take under your protection my person, and that of my brother the infant don Carlos, and to guarantee the persons and properties of my followers.

In this confidence I beg your imperial and royal majesty will accept of the assurances of the high consideration, &c. &c.

Signed) FERDINAND.

Bayonne, 5th May, 1808.

The whole having been published in the council, it has been resolved that it should be carried into execution, and communicated to the captains general, &c.

(Signed)

BARTOLEME MEOS.

Madrid, May 10, 1808.

In consequence of the royal decree appointing the grand duke of Berg, lieutenant general of the kingdom, and his imperial and royal highness having confirmed the members of all the tribunals in their respective places, the council has issued, under the same date, a royal decree enjoining the impartial and speedy administration of justice, and directing stamp paper to bear the words, Government of the lieutenant general of the kingdom.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 27.

MR. SNOWDEN,

THE trial of a case in court a few days ago has given rise to a report calculated to injure my character. The report is, that for money which I justly owed I went into court and plead usury in barr of the claim. Had this been the case I should consider myself entitled to the execrations of all honest men. I conceive that a man's own voluntary engagements constitutes a law of such binding force that nothing except absolute inability can dispense him from a compliance with, and that the person who enters into a solemn contract to pay money and afterwards takes shelter under municipal or civil institutions renders himself unworthy of all trust. By these principles I am willing that my conduct in this and every other transaction of my life should be tested, nor shall the world ever have occasion to charge me with a dereliction of them.

But as I believe the best refutation of the report in question will be a statement of facts as they were exhibited in court, I will do it as concisely as I can.

This suit was brought by a Nicholas Harper against Alexander Smith, as security on a bond of James and Daniel Douglass.——Mr. Smith availed himself of the plea of usury and brought me into court as a witness, in consequence of which the plea was sustained and Mr. Harper cast in the suit.

But something is said about a receipt, as if I had taken an advantage of Mr. Harper and obtained from him a receipt which I ought not to have had. I can only say that I took no receipt from Mr. Harper which he was not willing to give—a receipt that stated the truth of the case, and such an one as I was entitled to—That it was made use of to prove the usury was no fault of mine.

JAMES DOUGLASS.

July 27, 1808.

Three ships and two brigs from Jamaica, among the latest arrivals at New York, had full cargoes of rum, near two thousand puncheons. They sailed in company with the British convoy. Flour at Jamaica by the cargo, 16 to 18 dolls. a barrel; and the island as well supplied with beef, pork, and other American produce as before the embargo. Indeed so constant are the evasions, that our embargo system is of singular benefit to the subjects of G. Britain.

COMMUNICATION.

The infatuated rulers of these States needed not the destruction of the Spantsh government, and subjugation of that unhappy country, to convince them of the inevitable tendency of their deleterious measures to bring us into the same dreadful dilemma. They have seen nation after nation falling a prey, first to the intrigues, and then to the arms of the modern Attila. Among the most distinguished of the tools of France stands the Prince of Peace.—This wretch, after having exhausted his own country by a continued system of servile compliance and boundless rapacity for thirteen years, to further the gigantic views of Bonaparte towards universal dominion, has at length met the fate he so justly merited. May his doom be a warning to all who would lend themselves to sell their country to the world's only foe! But, while we exult in his downfall, we cannot but mourn over the desolation which his infamous conduct has brought on one of the finest kingdoms of Europe. Unhappy Spain, once the most powerful and flourishing nation in the world, now, by the systematic treachery of some of their own profligate children, becomes a mere province of France. Thy deluded monarch, and all his family, the sport for many years of a deceiver's wiles, are now prisoners in France, and made, while in this state of "durance vile," to assign over, by a formal instrument, all thy fair and rich possessions, together with their loyal, but betrayed inhabitants.

The designs of Napoleon against Spain are of long standing. Nearly two years ago he caused the flower of the Spanish troops to be marched to the north of Europe under the insiduous pretext of assisting to subdue the *common enemies* of both countries. Seventy-four thousand brave Spaniards are now in Germany, Prussia, &c. and in Hanover alone there are 27,000. How must the hearts of those deceived men burn with impatience, to be at home in the present eventful crisis, to assist their countrymen in throwing off the galling yoke of French thraldom! Ever since the fatal year (1795) when, through the diabolical influence of the Prince of Peace, Charles the Fourth deserted his allies, and made a treaty offensive and defensive with the murderers of his royal and virtuous kinsman Louis the 16th, has Spain been harrassed, degraded, contributionized and drained of almost her last shilling, to aid the ambitious views of the different rulers of France in their schemes of universal domination. But the night of delusion and patient degrading submission is past; the day of national independence is at hand. Goaded almost to desperation, by a series of the most unheard of exactions, cruelties and oppressions, the dreadful vengeance of the whole Spanish nation seems at length to be aroused, and if they are so fortunate as to have high-minded and able leaders to concentrate and direct their terrible energies, every Frenchman will be driven out of Spain or exterminated. Her glorious and heroic example will no doubt be speedily followed by the other nations of Europe, who are now groaning under the most heart-breaking and grievous vassalage.

Thus, there are yet hopes that the colossal power of the Corsican, may, by the simultaneous and vigorous movement of all the subjugated and oppressed states of Europe be crumbled to atoms, and every prostrate nation resume its former state of independence and happiness. The restoration of the balance of power (that vital source of the existence of nations) ought, for the United States in particular to be a day of rejoicing and jubilee; but, as our *philosophic* administration have for *dark* and *mysterious* purposes completely inverted the order of that true and sound policy which has governed profound statesmen in all ages and nations of the world, it is to be presumed *they* will not exult at an event which will fill the minds of the honest and discerning part of their fellow-citizens with the most enthusiastic delight. Nay, so perverse do our rulers seem to be, that, instigated by some "unseen hand" and to promote some inexplicable and *hidden* purposes they appear determined not to settle our differences with England; on the contrary, they are panting to plunge us into a war with that nation, & thus assist us in removing the only mound which stand between us and the mighty conqueror, who, when the British navy is removed, will swarm our country with his hungry myriads. Those plundering hordes having exhausted Europe of pillage will be sent abroad to satiate at once their thirst for conquest, blood and spoils. Let it not be said that we are at too great a distance, for we may rest assured that it is much easier to send troops and artillery across the sea (the British navy out of the way) than to transport them one thousand miles by land on the continent of Europe.

[*Commercial Advertiser.*]

CHARITY.—The following paragraph is copied from the New-York Gazette.

"Agreeable to the request of the unknown donor, Dr. Abeel acknowledges that he received through the post office yesterday, *nine hundred dollars for the New-York Missionary Society*"

ORPHANS COURT,

Alexandria County,

JULY TERM, 1808.

ORDERED, That Harriot Jackson administratrix of Annas Jackson, deceased, insert the following advertisement twice in each week for three weeks, in the Alexandria daily paper.

Test,

Alexander Moore,
Register.

This is to give Notice, That the Subscriber of Alexandria County in the District of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of said county letters of administration on the personal estate of Annas Jackson, late of the county aforesaid, deceased—all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the voubhers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of January next, or they may by law be exclude from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 27th day of July, 1808.

Harriot Jackson,
adm'x of Annas Jackson.

July 27. 2aw3w

Public Sale.

ON SATURDAY next, will be sold, at the Coffee-House, at 12 o'clock, on a credit of sixty days—

Negro Frederick,

Of about thirty years of age—he is a good Seaman and Rigger, trusty and sober.

P. G. Marsteller.

July 27. dts

For Sale,

TWO CHAIRS, one single and the other a family chair, both new, with tops and harness complete. They will be sold a great bargain for cash.

Thomas Towers.

July 27. eo3t

New constructed Bed Cords.

THE subscriber has for sale, at his Rope Store next door to the Indian Queen tavern, a few *new constructed BED CORDS*, which are rendered superior to any other kind by their infallibility in destroying and preventing those insects called *Chinches*, which harbor in the holes of the bedstead—they are also superior to any other kind, from their long wear. He believes they will last fifteen or twenty years and retain the same virtue.—Any person wishing to purchase, may have them until the first of January, 1809, in order to prove their excellence; and should they not find them to answer the above purpose he will return the money upon their delivering him the Bed Cords; provided they are not damaged more than the necessary wear.

HE HAS ALSO,

A quantity of *HAIR CLOTHES LINES*, which are far preferable to any other kind.

Thomas Grimshaw.

July 27.

ALEXANDRIA THEATRE.

☞ No postponement on account of the weather.

On THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1808,

Will be presented a COMEDY, *in five acts*,

CALLED

WILD OATS;

OR,

The Strolling Gentlemen.

Sir George Thunder,	Mr. Francis,
Rover,	Mr. Wood,
Harry,	Mr. Cone.
John Dory,	Mr. Cross.
Banks,	Mr. Briers.
Gammon,	Mr. Bay.
Ephraim Smooth,	Mr. Blissett,
Sim,	Mr. Jefferson.
Ramp,	Mr. Wilmot.
Trip,	Mr. Miller.
Twitch,	Mr. Jacobs.
Landlord,	Mr. Seymour.
Zachariah,	Mast. Scriven.
Waiter,	Mr. Harris.
Sailors,	Harris & Seymour.
Amelia,	Mrs. Jefferson.
Jane,	Mrs. Francis.
Lady Amaranth,	Mrs. Wood.

To which will be added a Farce, in two acts,

CALLED,

THE GHOST;

OR,

The Affrighted Farmer.

Sir Jeffrey Constant,	Mr. Briers.
Captain Constant,	Mr. Miller.
Clinch,	Mr. Blissett.
Trusty,	Mr. Francis.
Roger,	Mr. Jefferson,
Belinda,	Miss Hunt.
Dorothy,	Mrs. Francis.

On Saturday, *The Child of Nature*, with entertainments.

☞ *Doors to be open at 6, and performance to begin precisely at a quarter past 7 o'clock.*

*** *Admittance—box one dollar, pit seventy five cents, gallery fifty cents.*

†‡† *Box Tickets to be had at the bar of Mr. Gadsby's hotel, and at the office of the Daily Gazette.*

FROM WASHINGTON CITY,

Informs the citizens of Alexandria and its vicinity, that he will be at Mr. *Gadsby's*, for a few days, where he may be consulted in the line of his profession.

A few boxes of *best DENTRIFICE* may be had by applying as above.

July 23.

Charitable Marine Society Lottery, Baltimore.

Tickets and shares for sale at *R. Gray's* book-store, at the following prices:

Whole Tickets,	$ 5 50
Half do.	3 00
Quarter do.	1 50

Prizes in the New-York Lottery taken in payment for Ticket in this.

July 18.

Scheme of a Lottery,

For the purpose of raising a sum of money to aid the funds of the *Charitable Marine Society of Baltimore.*

1	prize of	5000	Dollars is	5000
1	—	2500	—	2500
2	—	1500	—	3000
4	—	750	—	3000
10	—	300	—	3000
20	—	150	—	3000
40	—	75	—	3000
80	—	30	—	2400
200	—	20	—	4000
300	—	10	—	3000
5000	—	6	—	30,000
1	First drawn blank			200
1	— after	2000	tickets	200
1	—	4000	—	200
1	—	6000	—	200
1	—	8000	—	400
1	—	10,000	—	400
1	—	12,000	—	500
1	—	14000	—	1000
1	—	16,000	—	2000
1	Last drawn blank		—	3000

6168 Prizes—amounting to Dolls. 75,000
11832 Blanks.—Sum raised including expence, 15,000

From the above Scheme, it appears that there are less than two blanks to a prize, and that the prizes are to be paid *without deduction.*

The drawing will possitively commence on the 24th of next month, and will be completed in ten weeks. TICKETS at $5 50 cents for sale at R. GRAY'S BOOK STORE, where the drawing of all tickets sold by him will be examined free of expence. Prizes in the last New York Lottery taken in payment for tickets in this.

Orders for tickets from the country, enclosing the cash (post-paid) will be punctually attended to, and early information given of their fate.

July 13.

☞ I want to hire a negro fellow that understands something of gardening as well as farming.

R. T. Hooe.

July 13.

A Third Dividend

IN THE CASE OF JAMES SMITH

Has been declared of five per cent. on all claims legally proved, payable by the subscriber at Dumfries, in 30 days from the 30th of June last.

Timothy Brundige, *Assignnee.*

July 12. eo3w

Forty Dollars *Reward.*

Ran away, on the 7th of this instant, a yellow negro man, named CHARLES, aged about 40 years, feet 8 inches high, lame in his hip, occasioned by a fall from a horse, the right leg somewhat shorter than the other causes him to limp badly—he has also a large scar in between his fore finger and thumb, cut by the point of a scythe on the right hand: he is a shoemaker by trade—his cloathing is unknown. He is an artful fellow and perhaps will endeavor to get on board of some vessel that sails to and from Alexandria. If taken within twenty miles, twenty dollars, thirty miles thirty dollars, and if more the above reward, if brought home to his master living in Prince Georges, County near Upper Marlborough, fifteen miles from Alexandria.

Elisha Berry.

July 23. 3t*

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL the HOUSE wherein I live on the corner of Washington and King streets, on a credit of 12, 15, 18, 21, and 24 months.

Robert Young.

July 13. o

Just Published,

For sale at R. GRAY'S Book-store,

The American Register;

OR,

General Repository of History, Politics and Science.

Volume II.—Price Three Dollars.

The *American Artilleriste Companion.* Not 3. Price Two Dollars.

July 11.

FOR SALE,

A likely young *NEGRO MAN*—he is accustomed to farming work and is a tolerable good coarse shoemaker.

Apply to the Printer.

June 28. eo

Patent Shot, &c.

ons Patent Shot, assorted, B to no. 7.
nogsheads brown Sugars.
lbs. green Coffee.
Imperial Tea, of a very superior quality, in quarter chests, boxes and cannisters.
50 barrels choice Whiskey.
Jamaica Spirits, (for family use)—warranted seven years old.
40 boxes Muscatel Raisins.

With a general assortment of Wines, Liquors, and Groceries as usual—

FOR SALE BY

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 15.

JOHN G. LADD,

HAS FOR SALE,

30 bales German Linens, consisting of brown and white Rolls, flaxen Osnaburghs, hempen Ticklenburghs, Burlaps, and Checks and Stripes.

1000 pieces Nankeen
Russia Sheeting and Duck
1 bale Writing Paper
50 bags of black Pepper of the best quality, and will be sold very low
Sugars and Coffee
40 hhds Molasses
1 pipe port Wine
10 do. Holland Gin
5 do. French Brandy
7 do. Jamaica Spirits.

A quantity of soal Leather, Shoes, Spermaciti and Tallow Candles, Cheese, &c. &c.

April 7. d

FOR SALE,

My SEAT in King George county. It lies on the head of one of the branches of Machodock creek, between four and five miles below King George court-house, and on the main road leading from Fredericksburg to Mattox Bridge. The situation is healthy, affords fine water, embraces the great advantages of proximity to the court house of the county, church, mills, tobacco inspections, navigations, fish, fowl, oysters, &c. enjoys respectable neighbors and genteel society; and from its central position between Potomac and Rappahannock, thereby commanding the benefit of both these rivers, is particularly well suited to the business of any gentleman of profession. Wherefore it will be sold either with as much land as will afford a competent support of wood and water, with the improvements done, or with between four and five hundred acres, as shall be most convenient to the purchaser; and possession can be had on the first day of January next. This land lies well, generally; possesses an abundance of materials for fencing, some timber for building and occasional repairs, a plentiful stock of fire wood, and is of the usual soil in this neighborhood that does not lie immediately on the margin of the broad water courses.

The improvements consist of a dwelling house of convenient size, perfectly new, built of the best materials, handsomely finished with a fine cellar to it, and a variety of other accommodations for a genteel family—a store house with a counting room to it, and a fine cellar to the whole of that building also—a barn, comprising stable and granary—a good house with other accommodations for an overseer, and customary houses of other descriptions—to which are annexed a well laid off productive garden handsomely paled in, a good yard, some valuable wheat and grass lots, and orchards of a variety of selected fruits of the most approved kinds; and all well enclosed.

Also, another Tract of Land, in Culpepper county, containing about two hundred acres, mostly in wood, and unimproved.

In the event of the sales of the foregoing Lands, I will dispose of some valuable Negroes, my Plantation utensils, some Household and Kitchen Furniture, Cattle, Hogs, Horses, &c. Among the latter are a pair of good Saddle Horses that match well for a Carriage, some excellent Work Horses, and a thorough bred Stud Horse only seven years old in April last. He is an excellent Foal-getter, and from his size, blood, and figure, is justly entitled to be ranked among the first class of Horses in this country. The whole of this property, excepting my negroes, which I shall dispose of in my neighborhood for their own accommodation, will be sold under a small reserve that will be required in money, or at short dates, at private bargain, either on easy payments in the purchasers own paper, if satisfactorily secured, for approved bonds well endorsed, property in Alexandria or its vicinity, or suitable merchandize.

The premises can be reviewed and terms made known by application to G. CHAPIN, esq. cashier of the Bank of Alexandria, or to the subscriber residing in King George county.

R. W. Ashton.

Virginia, King George county, June, 24th (25) 1808. 2awSm.

THE subscriber has on hand, 12,000 feet of Bay Wood, and 3,000 feet of St. Domingo Wood, which he will sell low for cash or on a short credit.

John Muir,

Cabinet-Maker, Royal-street

July 1. 2aw11t.

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of *George and Thomas Burroughs*, expired this day: All persons having claims against said concern, will please present them the subscriber, and those indebted thereto are desired to make payment to him.

George Burroughs.

Aquia, 6th May. 2aw

Washington and Alexandria Turnpike Company.

THE Stockholders of the Washington and Alexandria Turnpike Company are hereby notified, that the second instalment of Ten Dollars on each share, is called for by the President and Directors of the said Company, and is required to be paid to *Charles Page*, Treasurer, in Alexandria, on or before the 26th day of August next, agreeable to an act of Congress, entitled "An act for the establishment of a Turnpike Company in the county of Alexandria, in the district of Columbia.

By order of the Directors,

G. Deneale, *President.*

July 23.

FOR SALE, BY

LEWIS DEBLOIS

At his Store, near Col. Ramsay's wharf,

French Brandy, in pipes
Catalonia Wine, in half pipes and quarter casks
New-England Rum, in hogsheads and barrels
Molasses, in hogsheads
Cod-Fish, in boxes
Cider, Potatoes, Beets, and Winter Pears, in barrels
Cheese
Cider Vinegar, in hogsheads and pipes

Five Dollars *Reward.*

Ran away from the subscriber about five weeks since an apprentice to the chair-making business, named *GEORGE GREEN*, about 20 years of age 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high.—The above reward will be paid for delivering him to his master.

Ephraim Evans.

All persons are cautioned against harboring or employing said boy, at their peril.

July 11. 1aw3t

Lemmons by the box,

Lisbon Wine in quarter casks,
And about 4000 bushels coarse Salt
Mould Candles in small boxes, of superior quality,
Window Glass in boxes,

For Sale, by

Robert T. Hooe & Co.

January 30. eotf

FOR SALE.

BY VIRTUE of a decree of the high court of chancery of the state of Maryland, will be exposed to public sale, in the town of *Port-Tobacco*, Charles county, at the court-house, at three o'clock in the afternoon of the second day of the next August term of Charles county court, which commences on the 4th Monday of August next—a parcel of LAND, late the property of *John D. Scott*, deceased, being part of a tract of land called *Poynton Manor*, lying upon a branch of Nanjemoy Creek, on the post road leading to Nanjemoy from Port Tobacco, near the Hill Top, and about seven miles from Port Tobacco.

This land consists of about 200 acres, of which between 50 and 100 acres are well timbered, about 20 acres are in marsh, and the remainder arable and very productive.

The terms of sale are, that the purchaser shall give bond with sufficient security to pay the purchase money in twelve months from the sale. It will be sold entire or in parcels as may best suit the persons inclined to purchase.

Francis Key, *Trustee.*

July 1. eot

TO RENT.

(And immediate possession given)

NEAR THE EXTREMITY OF THE PAVEMENT *On Prince Street.*

A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with an elegant garden, and all necessary buildings thereto, complete. The premises occupy one half acre of ground, on one of the best situations and best constructions, equalled by few, (if any) exceeded by none in Alexandria of its size; it has also a pump of excellent water, approved of by the best judges, besides a well in the garden for its exclusive use, and is every way calculated to accommodate a genteel family, from such a moderate rent will be taken.

Now building and will be ready to RENT about the first of August, FOUR HOUSES, on Washington-street, the situations are good, and the buildings will be very convenient and neatly finished, for private families, or public business—and a House or two, near *Messrs. Marsteller and Young's* wharf.

For terms apply to,

Robert Brocket.

June 1. 2aw

Joseph Mandeville

CORNER OF KING and FAIRFAX STREETS, ALEXANDRIA:

HAS FOR SALE,

An assortment of WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

Consisting of

WINES.
- MADEIRA
- Port
- Sherry
- Lisbon
- Malaga
- Teneriffe &
- Corsica

Old St. Estephe Medoc claret, in cases of one dozen
A few dozen fine old frontinac
Ditto do. best wine bitters
Jamaica and West-India rum
New-England do.
Cognac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy
Holland and country gin
Schiedam gin in cases
Irish whiskey, very old
70 barrels Pennsylvania rye whiskey
Cider in barrels
White wine and Cider vinegar
Florence oil in flasks
2 hogsheads Havanna honey
15 do. choice retailing molasses

TEAS *of good quality*
- Gunpowder
- Imperial
- Hyson
- Young Hyson
- Hyson-Skin and
- Souchong

Muscovado sugars, different qualities
Bengal white do.
Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Alexandria.
Leiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff, in bottles and bladders.
Macuba and rapee do.
Clover-seed, *(Penn. warranted)*
Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimento; pepper; ginger, race and ground; Cayenne pepper; refined salt-petre.
Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley; London and Philadelphia mustard; basket salt; starch; fig blue; flotant indigo; Georgia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool; madder; copperas; allum; brimstone; chalk; pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine; traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns; gin cases; patent shot; brandywine gunpowder; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real British battle powder] from F to treble sealed chewing tobacco; best Havanna segars.
Muscatel and bloom raisins in boxes.
Sun raisins in casks.
Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled almonds.
A few boxes excellent pickles, each one dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and anchovies, for sale by the box.
A quantity of clean good allum salt suitable for the fishery, &c. &c

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, on King street, has received in addition to his former stock,

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in the Grocery Line

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms

Muscovado Sugars, of various qualities,
Loaf and Lump ditto,

TEAS, particularly selected for family use.
- Gunpowder,
- Imperial,
- Hyson,
- Young Hyson,
- Hyson-Skin, and
- Souchong

Best green Coffee,
Chocolate, of a superior quality,

WINES.
- Madeira,
- Busellos,
- Sherry,
- Lisbon,
- Teneriffe,
- Malaga, and
- Genuine old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincents, and New England Rum,
Holland Gin,
Irish and country Whisky,
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,
Stoughton's Bitters,
Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento, Cayenne and black pepper, race and ground Ginger, basket salt for table use, dearl barley, rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, dipt and spermaceti candles, refined salt-petre, flotant indigo, allum, copperas, madder, brimstone, spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best english and country made gunpowder, segars and smoaking tobacco, very best chewing tobacco.
Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's pipes in boxes.
London mustard, warranted of a superior quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper demijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article in his line—the whole of which have been collected with care, and will be disposed of on the very lowest terms

PRINTED DAILY BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
(For the Proprietor.)